

#### **Features**

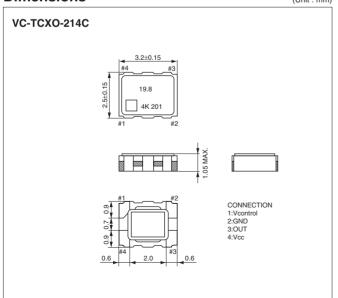
- VC-TCXO for cellular phone.
- Leadless type for auto pick-and-place.
- Ultra-miniature size. (3.2x2.5x1.05mm)
- Reflow soldering compatible.
- Low power consumption.
- Lead free

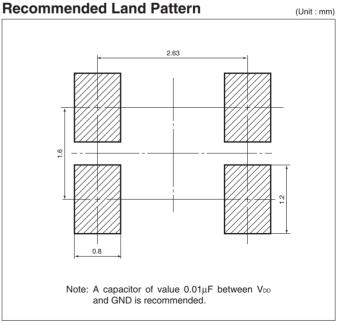
# **Specifications**

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
Output Frequency Range	Fout		12.6	38.4	MHz
		vs Temperature	-2.0	+2.0	ppm
Frequency Stability	∆f/fo	vs Load	-0.2	+0.2	
		vs Voltage	-0.3	+0.3	
Storage Temp. Range	Тѕтс		-40	+85	°C
Operating Temp. Range	Topr		-30	+85	°C
Aging	∆f aging	Per Year	-1	1	ppm
Voltage control range	Δf/V	Positive	+/-8	+/-12	ppm
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		2.4	5.5	Volt
Output Voltage	Vout	10k ohm // 10pF	0.8	_	Vp-p
Current Consumption	IDD	12.6 ~26MHz	_	1.0	mA
Current Consumption	טטו	26 ~38.4MHz	_	1.5	IIIA
Duty Ratio	SYM	@50% V <sub>DD</sub>	40	60	%
Harmonics	_			-5	dBc

Note: All electrical characteristics are defined at the maximum load and operating temperature range.

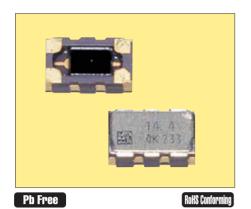
### **Dimensions**











#### **Features**

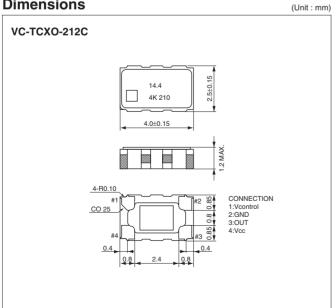
- VC-TCXO for Cellular Phone.
- Leadless type for auto pick-and-place.
- Miniature size. (4x2.5x1.2mm).
- Reflow soldering compatible.
- Low power consumption.

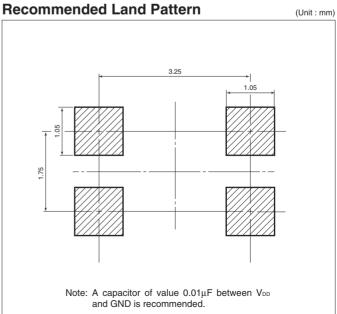
## **Specifications**

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
Output Frequency Range	Fout		12.6	26	MHz
		vs Temperature	-2.0	+2.0	
Frequency Stability	∆f/fo	vs Load	-0.2	+0.2	ppm
		vs Voltage	-0.3	+0.3	
Storage Temp. Range	Тѕтс		-40	+85	°C
Operating Temp. Range	Topr		-30	+80	°C
Aging	∆f aging	Per Year	-1	1	ppm
Voltage control range	Δf/V	Positive	+/8	+/-12	ppm
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		2.4	5.5	Volt
Output Voltage	Vout	10k ohm // 10pF	0.8	_	Vp-p
Current Consumption	Ipp	12.6 ~15MHz	_	1.0	mA
Current Consumption (Maximum Loaded)	מטו	15 ~ 26MHz	_	1.5	IIIA
Duty Ratio	SYM	@50% V <sub>DD</sub>	40	60	%
Harmonics	_		_	-5	dBc

Note: All electrical characteristics are defined at the maximum load and operating temperature range.

#### **Dimensions**











#### **Features**

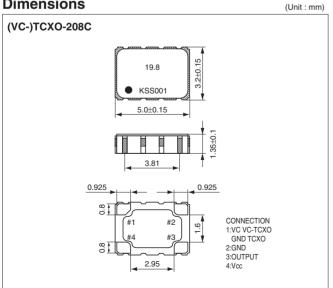
- VC-TCXO for cellular phone.
- Leadless type for auto pick-and-place.
- Miniature size. (5x3.2x1.35mm)
- Reflow soldering compatible.
- Low power consumption.

## **Specifications**

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
Output Frequency Range	Fout		12.6	26	MHz
		vs Temperature	-2.0	+2.0	
Frequency Stability	∆f/fo	vs Load	-0.2	+0.2	ppm
		vs Voltage	-0.3	+0.3	
Storage Temp. Range	Тѕтс		-40	+85	°C
Operating Temp. Range	Topr		-30	+80	°C
Aging	∆f aging	Per Year	-1	1	ppm
Voltage control range	Δf/V	Positive	+/-8	+/-12	ppm
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		2.4	5.5	Volt
Output Voltage	Vout	10k ohm // 10pF	0.8	_	Vp-p
<b>Current Consumption</b>	IDD		_	2.0	mA
Duty Ratio	SYM	@50% Vdd	40	60	%
Harmonics	_		_	-5	dBc

Note: All electrical characteristics are defined at the maximum load and operating temperature range.

#### **Dimensions**



#### **Recommended Land Pattern**

(Unit : mm) Note: A capacitor of value  $0.01 \mu F$  between  $V_{\text{DD}}$  and GND is recommended.





#### 1. Shock & Drop • Vibration

Do not inflict excessive shock and mechanical vibration that exceeds the norm, such as hitting or mistakenly dropping, when transporting and mounting on a board. There are cases when pieces of crystal break, and pieces that are used become damaged, and become inoperable. When a shock or vibration that exceeds the norm has been inflicted, make sure to check the characteristics.

#### 2. Cleaning

Since a crystal piece can be broken by resonance when a crystal device is cleaned by ultrasonic cleaning. Be careful when carrying out ultrasonic cleaning.

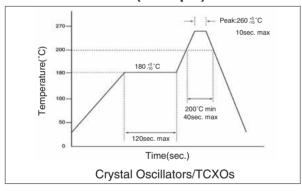
#### 3. Soldering conditions

To maintain the product reliability, please follow recommended conditions.

#### Standard soldering iron conditions

	Crystal Oscillators			
Soldering iron	280°C ~ 340°C			
Time	3+1/-0sec. max			

#### **Reflow conditions (Example)**



Recommended reflow Conditions vary depending upon products. Please check with the respective specification for details.

#### 4. Mounting Precautions

#### **Leaded Devices**

The special glass, located where the lead of the retainer base comes out, is aligned with the coefficient of thermal expansion of the lead, If the glass is damaged and cracks appear, there may be cases in which performance deteriorates and it fails to operate.

Consequently, when making the device adhere closely and applying solder, align the gap of the hole of the board with the gap of the lead and insert without excessive force.

When making the device adhere closely to a through hole board and applying solder, be careful that the solder does not get into the metal part of the retainer base and cause a short. Putting in an insulation spacer is one more method of preventing a short circuit.

When the lead is mounted floating, fix it as far as possible so that contact with other parts and the breakage due to the fatigue, and the mechanical resonance of the lead will not occur.

When the lead is bent and used, do not bend the lead directly from the base, separate it 0.5mm or more and then bend it. When bending, before attaching to the board, fix the place where the lead comes out in advance and attach it after bending so that a crack does not occur in the glass part.

#### **Surface Mount Devices**

The lead of the device and the pattern of the board is soldered on the surface. Since extreme deformation of the board tears off the pattern, tears off the lead metal, cracks the solder and damages the sealed part of the device and there are cases in which performance deteriorates and operation fails, use it within the stipulated bending conditions. Due to the small cracks in the board resulting from mounting, please pay sufficient attention when attaching a device at the position where the warping of the board is great.

When using an automatic loading machine, as far as possible, select a type that has a small impact and use it while confirming that there is no damage.

Surface mount devices are NOT flow soldering compatible.

#### 5. Storage Condition

Since the long hour high temperature and low temperature storage, as well as the storage at high humidity are causes of deterioration in frequency accuracy and solderability.

Parts should be stored in temperature range of -5 to +40C°, humidity 40 to 60% RH, and avoid direct sunlight. Then use within 6 months.





#### 6. In order to use crystal oscillators

- (1)The minlature crystal oscillator for the clock utilizes a C-MOS IC and incorporates a protective circuit against static electricity. However, exercise care in the same manner as for a normal C-MOS IC.
- (2)Internal capacitor is not provided in the power supply section (+DC-GNC).

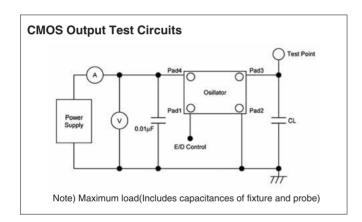
To serve as overimpressed voltage and overcurrent protective device, place a bypass capacitor (0.01  $\mu$ F) as near as possible to the (+DC–GND) terminal.

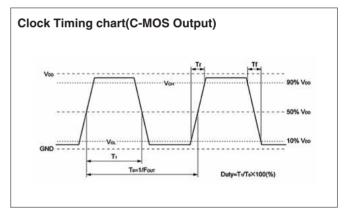
However, the capacity value is meant as a guideline.

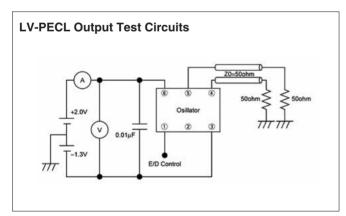
Depending on the capacitor type, frequency characteristics vary. Accordingly, use a capacitor that matches the frequency characteristics.

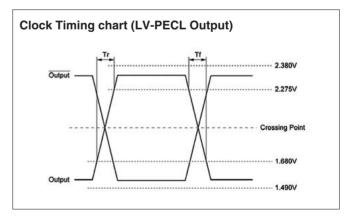
- (3)Applying reverse voltage could result in damage to internal parts. Take care not to connect terminals incorrectly.
- (4)Please do not use oscillators under unfavorable condition such as beyond specified range in catalog or specification sheet.
- (5)Please keep oscillators away from water, salt water or harmful gas.
- (6)K50H-3C / FSO series should be stored in humidity-controlled area after the package is unsealed, in temperature +25±5°C under humidity of 65%RH, and should be mounted on PCB within 7 days.
- (7)K50H-3C / FSO series has Bypass Capacitior between VDD and GND.

#### **Test Circuits and Clock Timing Chart**







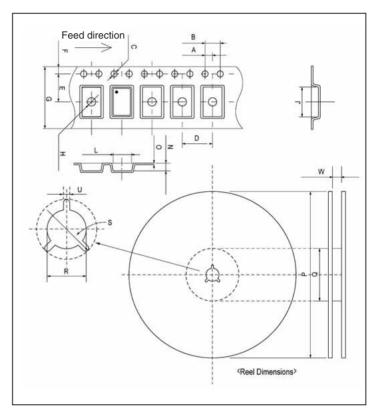




# Tape & Reel Specifications

# ■Crystal Oscillators

		KC2520	K25	K30	FXO-61F FXO-64F VC-FXO-65F	
	Α	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	
	В	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	
	С	φ1.5+0.1/ <del>-</del> 0	φ1.5+0.1/-0	φ1.5+0.1/ <del>-</del> 0	φ1.55±0.1	
	D	4.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	
	Е	3.5±0.05	3.5±0.05	5.5±0.1	5.5±0.1	
T A	F	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	
P	G	8.0±0.2	8.0±0.2	12.0±0.2	12.0±0.3	
<u>-</u>	Н	φ1.1±0.1	φ1.55±0.1	φ1.55±0.1	φ1.55±0.1	
	J	2.7±0.1	3.5±0.05	5.5±0.1	5.4±0.1	
	L	2.2±0.1	2.8±0.05	3.7±0.1	3.6±0.1	
	N	1.25±0.1	1.1±0.05	1.4±0.1	1.7±0.1	
	0	0.2±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05	
	Р	φ180+0/–3	φ180+0/–3	φ180+0/–3	φ254±2	
R	Q	φ60+1/-0	φ60+1/–0	φ60+1/–0	φ100±1	
E	R	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.5	
E L	S	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	
	U	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	
	W	9.0±0.3	9.0±0.3	13.0±0.3	13.4+2/-0	
С	ty	2000	2000	1000	1000	



		FSO-1C/1D FSO-2B/2C/2D VC-FSO-1D	FXO-31F FXO-34F FXO-37F VC-FXO-35F VCXO-7050	K50H K50 K53 K50V-3P	KT21	(VC)TCXO-214C	(VC)TCXO-212C	(VC)TCXO-208C MFO-208F	KT18B	KT20A	(VC)TCXO-204C
	Α	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	2.0±0.1
	В	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1
	С	φ1.55±0.1	φ1.55±0.1	φ1.5±0.1	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0
	D	8.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	4.0±0.1	8.0±0.1/4.0±0.1	8.0±0.1/4.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	4.0±0.1
_	Е	7.5±0.1	7.5±0.1	7.5±0.1	3.5±0.1	3.5±0.05	5.5±0.1	5.5±0.1	5.5±0.1	5.5±0.1	7.5±0.1
T   A	F	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1	1.75±0.1
P	G	16.0±0.3	16.0±0.3	16.0±0.2	8.0±0.3	8.0±0.2	8.0±0.3/12.0±0.3	12.0±0.3	12.0±0.3	12.0±0.3	16.0±0.3
-	Н	φ1.55	φ1.55	φ1.55±0.1	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.0+0.2/-0	φ1.5+0.1/-0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0	φ1.5+0.1/–0
	J	8.18	8.18	7.4±0.1	3.5±0.1	3.6±0.1	4.4±0.1	5.5±0.1	5.5±0.1	5.5±0.1	7.4±0.1
	L	5.56	5.56	5.4±0.1	2.8±0.1	2.9±0.1	2.9±0.1	3.7±0.1	3.7±0.1	3.7±0.1	5.4±0.1
	Ν	2.16±0.1	2.16±0.1	2.0±0.1	1.1±0.1	1.3±0.1	1.1±0.1/1.3±0.1	1.6±0.1/1.5±0.1	1.6±0.1/1.5±0.1	1.8±0.1	2.1±0.1
	0	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.25±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.2±0.05/0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05
	Р	φ330±2φ254±2	φ330±2φ254±2	φ180+0/-3	φ180±2	φ180+1/–1.5	φ254±1/φ180+1/–1.5	φ330±1	φ330±1	φ330±1	ф254±2
R	Q	φ100±1	φ100±1	φ60+1/–0	φ60	φ60+1/-0	φ100±1/φ60+1/-0	φ100±1/φ60	φ100±1φ60	φ100±1	φ100±1
E	R	φ13±0.3	φ13±0.3	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2	φ13±0.2
L	S	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	ф21±0.8	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	φ21±0.8	ф21±0.8	φ21±0.8
	U	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.2	2.0±0.5
	W	16.4	17.5±0.5/16.4	17±0.2	9.0±0.1	9.0+0.3/-0	9.0±0.3/13.0+0.3-0	13.5±1	13.5±1	13.5±1	17.5±0.5
C	Qty	3000/1000	3000/1000	1000	2000	2000	4000/2000	2000	4000	4000	1000



# ORDERING FORMAT FOR CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS

Please specify the following items when ordering crystal oscillators.

### I. Standard products shown in the catalogue:

Please specify package type and nominal frequency.

# II. Special-order products:

Please specify the following items in specification.

2.	Frequency Stability	
	(1)Temperature ×10 <sup>-6</sup> MAX ~°C (On the basis of +25°C freq	uency)
	(2)Supply Voltage ×10 <sup>-6</sup> MAX VDC ± %	
	(3)Load ×10 <sup>-6</sup> MAX Ω// pF ± % ± % (4)Aging ×10 <sup>-6</sup> MAX./year	
3.	Frequency Tuning Range	
	± ×10 <sup>-6</sup> MIN	
4.	Frequency Control Range	
	± ~± ×10 <sup>-6</sup> /+ V± V	
5.	Output	
	(1)Voltage Vrms V <sub>P-P</sub> MIN.	
	(2)Wave Form	
	Sine, Half sine wave, Harmonics 2nd dB, 3rd dB, Others c	B
	(3)Load Resistance Ω//Capacitance pF	
6.	Supply Voltage	
	(1)For circuit VDC± %, mA MAX.	
7.	Environmental Condition	
	(1)Operating Temperature Range ~ °C (2)Vibration	
	Total Amplitude mm, Vibration Frequency Hz~ Hz (3)Shock	